# **Schedule of Accreditation**

issued by

**United Kingdom Accreditation Service** 

2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK



## Locations covered by the organisation and their relevant activities

## Site activities performed away from the locations listed above:

Location details	Activity	Location code
Permanent laboratory	Dimensional	А
Customers premises	Dimensional	В

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	Measurement Solutions Ltd			
4057 Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017	Issue No: 018 Issue date: 05 August 2024			
Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified				

Measured Quantity Instrument or Gauge	Range	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty ( <i>k</i> = 2)	Remarks	Location Code		
RANGE IN MILLIMETRES AND UNCERTAINTY IN MICROMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED						
MEASURING INSTRUMENTS AND MACHINES						
Cartesian co-ordinate measuring machines (CMM's)	Length measurement – $E_L$ 0 to 1500 1500 to 2743 (longest diagonal)	2.0 + (1.9 x length in m) 6.5 + (1.9 x length in m)	ISO 10360-2:2009 using end standards	В		
	Single stylus probing test: PForm.Sph.1x25:SS:Tact PSize.Sph.1x25:SS:Tact	0.53 0.71	ISO 10360-5:2020 Using a 10 to 51 mm test sphere			
	Single stylus probing test $P_{\rm FTU}$	0.25	ISO 10360-5:2010 (withdrawn) Using a 10 to 50 mm test sphere			
Articulated Arm co-ordinate measuring machines (CMM)	As ISO 10360-12:2016 Length measurement - <i>E</i> Bi <i>E</i> Uni 0 to 1500 (diameter using end standards)	2.2 + (1.9 x length in m) 2.2 + (1.9 x length in m)		Α, Β		
	Probing measurement - <i>P</i> Size.SPH.1x25 <i>P</i> Form.SPH.1x25 Using a 10 mm to 51 mm diameter test sphere	1.3 1.2				
	Articulated location measurement - L <sub>Dia.5x5:Art</sub> Using a 10 mm to 51 mm diameter test sphere	1.3				
END						

Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC)



### Appendix - Calibration and Measurement Capabilities

#### Introduction

The definitive statement of the accreditation status of a calibration laboratory is the Accreditation Certificate and the associated Schedule of Accreditation. This Schedule of Accreditation is a critical document, as it defines the measurement capabilities, ranges and boundaries of the calibration activities for which the organisation holds accreditation.

#### Calibration and Measurement Capabilities (CMCs)

The capabilities provided by accredited calibration laboratories are described by the Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC), which expresses the lowest measurement uncertainty that can be achieved during a calibration. If a particular device under calibration itself contributes significantly to the uncertainty (for example, if it has limited resolution or exhibits significant non-repeatability) then the uncertainty quoted on a calibration certificate will be increased to account for such factors.

The CMC is normally used to describe the uncertainty that appears in an accredited calibration laboratory's schedule of accreditation and is the uncertainty for which the laboratory has been accredited using the procedure that was the subject of assessment. The measurement uncertainty is calculated according to the procedures given in the GUM and is normally stated as an expanded uncertainty at a coverage probability of 95 %, which usually requires the use of a coverage factor of k = 2. An accredited laboratory is not permitted to quote an uncertainty that is smaller than the published measurement uncertainty in certificates issued under its accreditation.

#### Expression of CMCs - symbols and units

It should be noted that the percentage symbol (%) represents the number 0.01. In cases where the measurement uncertainty is stated as a percentage, this is to be interpreted as meaning percentage of the measurand. Thus, for example, a measurement uncertainty of 1.5 % means  $1.5 \times 0.01 \times q$ , where q is the quantity value.

The notation Q[a, b] stands for the root-sum-square of the terms between brackets: Q[a, b] =  $[a^2 + b^2]^{1/2}$