

# Schedule of Accreditation

issued by

## United Kingdom Accreditation Service

2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK



4312

Accredited to  
ISO/IEC 17025:2017

### Renishaw plc

Issue No: 016 Issue date: 26 March 2025

New Mills  
Wotton-under-Edge  
Gloucestershire  
GL12 8JR

Contact: Mr Miguel Alvarez  
Tel: +44 (0)1453 523 440  
E-Mail: miguel.alvarez@renishaw.com  
Website: www.renishaw.com

Calibration performed by the Organisations at the locations specified below

#### Locations covered by the organisation and their relevant activities

##### Laboratory locations:

Location details	Activity	Location code
<b>Address</b> New Mills Wotton-under-Edge Gloucestershire GL12 8JR  <b>Local contact</b> Mr Miguel Alvarez	Dimensional	A

##### Site activities performed away from the locations listed above:

Location details	Activity	Location code
At customers premises  <b>Contact:</b> Mr Miguel Alvarez	Dimensional	B



4312

Accredited to  
ISO/IEC 17025:2017

**Schedule of Accreditation**  
issued by  
**United Kingdom Accreditation Service**  
2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK

**Renishaw plc****Issue No:** 016    **Issue date:** 26 March 2025**Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified****Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC)**

Measured Quantity Instrument or Gauge	Range	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty ( $k = 2$ )	Remarks	Location Code
RANGE IN MILLIMETRES AND UNCERTAINTY IN MICROMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED				
MEASURING INSTRUMENTS AND MACHINES				
Performance verification of co-ordinate measuring machines (CMM's)	As ISO 10360-2:2001 0 to 1500 (longest diagonal using end standards)	0.23 + (1.0 x length in m) Test length uncertainty		A & B
Performance verification of co-ordinate measuring machines (CMM's)	As ISO 10360-2:2009 0 to 1500 (longest diagonal using end standards)	0.23 + (1.0 x length in m) Test length uncertainty		A & B
	ISO 10360-5:2010 - single stylus probing test (form) 10 to 50 (test sphere diameter)	0.092 Test length uncertainty		A & B
	ISO 10360-5:2020 - Single stylus probing test: 10 to 50 (test sphere diameter)			A & B
	PForm.Sph.1x25:SS:Tact PSize.Sph.1x25:SS:Tact	0.078 0.25 Test length uncertainties		
Performance verification of co-ordinate measuring machines with a cylindrical measurement volume (CMM's)	In-house method based on ISO 10360-2:2009 250 x 250 radius	0.23 + (1.0 x length in m) Test length uncertainty		A & B
Receiver and position gauges, jigs and fixtures	0 to 850 x 850 x 850	1.8 + (12 x length in m)	Using a co-ordinate measuring machine.	A
Gauge checker artefact	0 to 75 x 75 x 50	2.0	Using a co-ordinate measuring machine.	A
END				



4312

Accredited to  
ISO/IEC 17025:2017

**Schedule of Accreditation**  
issued by  
**United Kingdom Accreditation Service**  
2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK

**Renishaw plc**

**Issue No:** 016    **Issue date:** 26 March 2025

Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified

**Appendix - Calibration and Measurement Capabilities**

**Introduction**

The definitive statement of the accreditation status of a calibration laboratory is the Accreditation Certificate and the associated Schedule of Accreditation. This Schedule of Accreditation is a critical document, as it defines the measurement capabilities, ranges and boundaries of the calibration activities for which the organisation holds accreditation.

**Calibration and Measurement Capabilities (CMCs)**

The capabilities provided by accredited calibration laboratories are described by the Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC), which expresses the lowest measurement uncertainty that can be achieved during a calibration. If a particular device under calibration itself contributes significantly to the uncertainty (for example, if it has limited resolution or exhibits significant non-repeatability) then the uncertainty quoted on a calibration certificate will be increased to account for such factors.

The CMC is normally used to describe the uncertainty that appears in an accredited calibration laboratory's schedule of accreditation and is the uncertainty for which the laboratory has been accredited using the procedure that was the subject of assessment. The measurement uncertainty is calculated according to the procedures given in the GUM and is normally stated as an expanded uncertainty at a coverage probability of 95 %, which usually requires the use of a coverage factor of  $k = 2$ . An accredited laboratory is not permitted to quote an uncertainty that is smaller than the published measurement uncertainty in certificates issued under its accreditation.

**Expression of CMCs - symbols and units**

It should be noted that the percentage symbol (%) represents the number 0.01. In cases where the measurement uncertainty is stated as a percentage, this is to be interpreted as meaning percentage of the measurand. Thus, for example, a measurement uncertainty of 1.5 % means  $1.5 \times 0.01 \times q$ , where  $q$  is the quantity value.

The notation  $Q[a, b]$  stands for the root-sum-square of the terms between brackets:  $Q[a, b] = [a^2 + b^2]^{1/2}$