# **Schedule of Accreditation**

issued by

**United Kingdom Accreditation Service** 

2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK



## Calibration performed by the Organisations at the locations specified below

### Locations covered by the organisation and their relevant activities

### Laboratory locations:

Location details		Activity	Location code
Address Unit C Albert Court Peasehill Road Ripley Derbyshire DE5 3AQ	Local contact Mr C Kohut Tel: +44 (0)1773 512174 Fax: +44 (0)1773 512175 E-Mail: carl.kohut@cooper.co.uk	Force Dimensional	A

### Site activities performed away from the locations listed above:

Location details	Activity	Location code
At customers' premises As above	Force Dimensional	В

	Schedule of Accreditation issued by United Kingdom Accreditation Service 2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK
	Cooper Research Technology Ltd
0611 Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017	Issue No: 036 Issue date: 24 January 2025
Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified	

### Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC) Measured Quantity Instrument Range Expanded Remarks Location or Gauge Measurement Code Uncertainty (k=2) BITUMINOUS MIXTURE TESTING NOTES MACHINES Small Wheeltrackers (See Note 1) Accreditation is A & B limited to machines Wheel displacement (rut depth) 0 mm to 40 mm 0.055 mm manufactured by Cooper Wheel load 3.5 N 500 N to 700 N Research Technology Ltd. Wheel diameter 150 mm to 250 mm 1.0 mm Tyre width 40 mm to 60 mm 0.30 mm BS 598:PART 110:1998 Tyre thickness 0 mm to 20 mm 0.50 mm And BS EN 12697 Tyre hardness 70 IRHD to 90 IRHD 2.4 IRHD 22:2020 Bearing play 0 mm to 1 mm 0.016 mm Tracking frequency 20 cycles per minute to 28 0.20 cycles per minute cycles per minute 220 mm to 240 mm Track length 1.1 mm Centre measurement 0 mm to 20 mm 2.0 mm Large Wheeltrackers (See Note 1) BS EN 12697-22:2020 A & B Wheel load At 5000 N 27 N Tyre contact width 70 mm to 90 mm 1.0 mm Tracking frequency 50 to 70 cycles per minute 0.10 cycles per minute over 1 minute 0.020 cycles per minute over 5 minutes Displacement transducer/depth gauge 0 mm to 25 mm 0.050 mm Track length 400 mm to 420 mm 1.0 mm Centrality of wheel track in mould 0 mm to 20 mm 1.0 mm Wheel angle of skew -3 degrees to 3 degrees 0.040 degrees Large roller compactor fitted with BS EN 12697-33:2019 A & B pneumatic tyres (See Note 1) 1.9 % 1000 N to 5000 N Wheel load Wheel velocity 200 mm/s to 500 mm/s 1.1 % Centrality of wheel track in mould 1.0 mm 0 mm to 20 mm Nottingham asphalt testers and BS EN 12697-24:2004, A & B BS EN 12697-25:2005, Versa pro (See Note 1) BS EN 12697-26:2004, DD226:1996 and DD213:1993 **ITSM LVDTs** 0 µm to 100 µm 0.66 µm **RLAT LVDTs** 0.0057 mm 0 mm to 10 mm ITFT LVDTs 0.0038 mm 0 mm to 2 mm

	Schedule of Accreditation issued by United Kingdom Accreditation Service 2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK	
<b>UKAS</b> CALIBRATION	Cooper Research Technology Ltd	
0611 Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017	Issue No: 036 Issue date: 24 January 2025	
Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified		

Measured Quantity Instrument or Gauge	Range	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty ( <i>k</i> =2)	Remarks	Location Code
Nottingham asphalt testers and Versa pro (See Note 1) (cont'd)			BS EN 12697-24:2004, BS EN 12697-25:2005, BS EN 12697-26:2004, DD226:1996 and DD213:1993	A & B
Load rise time	115 ms to 135 ms	1.9 ms		
Load pulse & rest times	995 ms to 1005 ms	2.5 ms		
Load area percent	95 % to 105 %	1.4 %		
NAT Load cell	70 N to 450 N 0.45 kN to 4.5 kN 4.5 kN to 20 kN	1.0 % 0.69 % 0.55 %		
Duriez testing machines (See Note 1)			NF P 98-251-1:2002 (Clause 6.2) And BS EN 12697-12:2018 (Clauses 6.1.1 and 6.2.3)	Α&Β
Press load	60 kN to 180 kN	0.34 %		
Press rise time (free speed)	At 60 mm per minute	1.1 %		
END				

	Schedule of Accreditation issued by United Kingdom Accreditation Service 2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK
	Cooper Research Technology Ltd
0611 Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017	Issue No: 036 Issue date: 24 January 2025
Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified	

### Appendix - Calibration and Measurement Capabilities

### Introduction

The definitive statement of the accreditation status of a calibration laboratory is the Accreditation Certificate and the associated Schedule of Accreditation. This Schedule of Accreditation is a critical document, as it defines the measurement capabilities, ranges and boundaries of the calibration activities for which the organisation holds accreditation.

### Calibration and Measurement Capabilities (CMCs)

The capabilities provided by accredited calibration laboratories are described by the Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC), which expresses the lowest measurement uncertainty that can be achieved during a calibration. If a particular device under calibration itself contributes significantly to the uncertainty (for example, if it has limited resolution or exhibits significant non-repeatability) then the uncertainty quoted on a calibration certificate will be increased to account for such factors.

The CMC is normally used to describe the uncertainty that appears in an accredited calibration laboratory's schedule of accreditation and is the uncertainty for which the laboratory has been accredited using the procedure that was the subject of assessment. The measurement uncertainty is calculated according to the procedures given in the GUM and is normally stated as an expanded uncertainty at a coverage probability of 95 %, which usually requires the use of a coverage factor of k = 2. An accredited laboratory is not permitted to quote an uncertainty that is smaller than the published measurement uncertainty in certificates issued under its accreditation.

### Expression of CMCs - symbols and units

It should be noted that the percentage symbol (%) represents the number 0.01. In cases where the measurement uncertainty is stated as a percentage, this is to be interpreted as meaning percentage of the measurand. Thus, for example, a measurement uncertainty of 1.5 % means  $1.5 \times 0.01 \times q$ , where *q* is the quantity value.

The notation Q[a, b] stands for the root-sum-square of the terms between brackets:  $Q[a, b] = [a^2 + b^2]^{1/2}$